## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

## HOUSE RESOLUTION

No. 270

Session of 2023

INTRODUCED BY RABB, NOVEMBER 30, 2023

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT, NOVEMBER 30, 2023

## A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

- 1 Recognizing November 23, 2023, as the "National Day of Mourning" 2 in Pennsylvania.
- 3 WHEREAS, The "National Day of Mourning" has been celebrated
- 4 on the United States' Thanksgiving holiday since 1970 by
- 5 Indigenous people and their allies to honor Indigenous ancestors
- 6 and Native resilience; and
- 7 WHEREAS, This Commonwealth is home to the land and the rich
- 8 cultural history of many Indigenous peoples, including the Erie,
- 9 Iroquois, Lenape, Munsee, Nanticoke, Shawnee and Susquehannock,
- 10 with more than 12,000 Native peoples living in Pennsylvania
- 11 today; and
- 12 WHEREAS, The Thanksqiving holiday, since its inception, has
- 13 been a celebration of Pilgrims and other European settlers
- 14 taking possession of Indigenous lands in North America; and
- 15 WHEREAS, The actions of European settlers stemmed from an
- 16 idea of cultural superiority which, for centuries, served as the
- 17 rationale for murdering, displacing and dehumanizing Indigenous
- 18 peoples in the United States, where the right to personal

- 1 liberty is supposed to be guaranteed; and
- 2 WHEREAS, The notion of cultural superiority so deeply
- 3 infiltrated this Commonwealth that a group of White men from
- 4 what is now the greater Harrisburg area viciously murdered many
- 5 peaceful Conestoga men, women and children in December 1763,
- 6 justifying their crimes on unbased claims that the Conestoga had
- 7 provided aid and intelligence to other hostile groups; and
- 8 WHEREAS, In 1782, a group of White militiamen from
- 9 Pennsylvania slaughtered approximately 90 unarmed Christian
- 10 Native people in the mission settlement of Gnadenhutten, Ohio,
- 11 after making false claims about the victims' role in raids on
- 12 frontier settlements, fueled by the racist and unjust ideologies
- 13 that were all too pervasive among Pennsylvanians and other
- 14 American colonists at the time; and
- 15 WHEREAS, This Commonwealth witnessed the shameful treatment
- 16 of Native peoples throughout its history, especially at the
- 17 Carlisle Indian Industrial School, the first boarding school for
- 18 Native children run by the Federal Government, in an attempt to
- 19 exterminate Native culture; and
- 20 WHEREAS, The Carlisle Indian Industrial School was the model
- 21 by which hundreds of other Native boarding schools were created
- 22 in order to force Whiteness and Americanization on Indigenous
- 23 children from across the nation; and
- 24 WHEREAS, Through all 39 years of the Carlisle Indian
- 25 Industrial School's operation, until its closing in 1918, this
- 26 Commonwealth was complacent in the acts of cultural erasure,
- 27 religious indoctrination and physical and emotional abuse that
- 28 occurred within its walls; and
- 29 WHEREAS, Of the thousands of Native children sent to these
- 30 federally run schools, many never returned to their families,

- 1 including the 186 who lie in graves at the Carlisle Indian
- 2 Industrial School after dying of disease, neglect or abuse; and
- 3 WHEREAS, The residents of this Commonwealth have the
- 4 responsibility to confront the history of oppression toward
- 5 Indigenous peoples and proactively recognize that the
- 6 Thanksgiving holiday, for many, is a reminder of the
- 7 introduction of colonization in North America and of the ensuing
- 8 genocide of millions of Native peoples, the theft of Native
- 9 lands and the condemnation of Native cultures; and
- 10 WHEREAS, In 1970, at a Thanksgiving celebration in Plymouth,
- 11 Massachusetts, an Aquinnah Wampanoag tribal leader who was
- 12 scheduled to speak was asked to censor his remarks after
- 13 compiling a speech that recognized the theft of Indigenous land,
- 14 graves and belongings committed by the Pilgrims after their
- 15 arrival in North America; and
- 16 WHEREAS, This Aguinnah Wampanoag tribal leader, Wamsutta
- 17 Frank James, withdrew as a speaker at the Thanksgiving event,
- 18 refusing to be silenced; and
- 19 WHEREAS, From this act of protest came a counter-
- 20 commemoration, now known as the "National Day of Mourning,"
- 21 which is recognized by both Native and nonnative people to
- 22 consider Thanksgiving from the perspective of Indigenous peoples
- 23 and draw attention to the genocide of Native people, theft of
- 24 their lands and assault on their culture; and
- 25 WHEREAS, Today, hundreds of years after the cross-cultural
- 26 feast many refer to as the "first Thanksgiving," Indigenous
- 27 peoples across the nation continue to fight for their rights and
- 28 spend the Thanksgiving holiday in mourning for the loss of
- 29 Indigenous life and culture, in protest against the racism and
- 30 oppression experienced by Indigenous peoples across the globe

- 1 and in celebration of the culture and resiliency of Native
- 2 people; therefore be it
- RESOLVED (the Senate concurring), That the General Assembly
- 4 recognize November 23, 2023, as the "National Day of Mourning"
- 5 in Pennsylvania; and be it further
- 6 RESOLVED, That the General Assembly recognize that racist
- 7 policies and attitudes toward Indigenous peoples exhibited
- 8 within this Commonwealth and beyond are a result of the
- 9 misguided and reprehensible ways that the colonization,
- 10 otherization and exploitation of people of color across the
- 11 globe have taken place under the justification of White European
- 12 cultural superiority; and be it further
- 13 RESOLVED, That the General Assembly call on all
- 14 Pennsylvanians to spend this Thanksgiving holiday in recognition
- 15 of the European colonists' brutal mistreatment of Native people
- 16 from the moment they arrived in North America; and be it further
- 17 RESOLVED, That the General Assembly recognize the resiliency
- 18 of Native peoples in the face of severe oppression at the hand
- 19 of White colonizers in this Commonwealth and across the nation,
- 20 and that the Thanksqiving holiday must be a reminder of the full
- 21 history of our nation; a history that includes tragedy,
- 22 inequality and injustice, and that the holiday should provide an
- 23 opportunity for all Pennsylvanians to join in our continued
- 24 fight toward justice and harmony today.